

Membership.—The 54 States which are Members of the League (November, 1930), together with the dates at which membership was taken out follow:—

Country	Date	Country	Date
Abyssinia.....	Sept. 28, 1923	Japan.....	Jan. 10, 1920
Albania.....	Dec. 16, 1920	Latvia.....	Sept. 22, 1921
Argentine Republic.....	July 18, 1919	Liberia.....	June 30, 1920
Australia.....	Jan. 10, 1920	Lithuania.....	Sept. 22, 1921
Austria.....	Dec. 16, 1920	Luxemburg.....	Dec. 16, 1920
Belgium.....	Jan. 10, 1920	New Zealand.....	Jan. 10, 1920
Bolivia.....	Jan. 10, 1920	Nicaragua.....	Nov. 3, 1920
Bulgaria.....	Dec. 16, 1920	Norway.....	Mar. 5, 1920
Canada.....	Jan. 10, 1920	Panama.....	Jan. 9, 1920
Chile.....	Nov. 4, 1919	Paraguay.....	Dec. 26, 1919
China.....	July 16, 1920	Persia.....	Nov. 21, 1919
Columbia.....	Feb. 16, 1920	Peru.....	Jan. 10, 1920
Cuba.....	Mar. 8, 1920	Poland.....	Jan. 1920
Czechoslovakia.....	Jan. 10, 1920	Portugal.....	April 8, 1920
Denmark.....	Mar. 8, 1920	Roumania.....	April 1920
Estonia.....	Sept. 22, 1921	Santo Domingo.....	Sept. 29, 1924
Finland.....	Dec. 16, 1920	San Salvador.....	Mar. 10, 1924
France.....	Jan. 10, 1920	Serb-Croat-Slovene State ¹	Feb. 10, 1920
Germany.....	Sept. 8, 1926	Siam.....	Jan. 10, 1920
Greece.....	Mar. 30, 1920	South Africa.....	Jan. 1920
Guatemala.....	Jan. 10, 1920	Spain.....	Jan. 1920
Haiti.....	June 30, 1920	Sweden.....	Mar. 9, 1920
Holland.....	Mar. 9, 1920	Switzerland.....	Mar. 8, 1920
Honduras.....	Nov. 3, 1920	United Kingdom.....	Jan. 10, 1920
Hungary.....	Sept. 18, 1923	Uruguay.....	Jan. 1920
India.....	Jan. 10, 1920	Venezuela.....	Mar. 3, 1920
Irish Free State.....	Sept. 10, 1923		
Italy.....	Jan. 10, 1920		

The following ten states are not Members of the League:—United States of America, Brazil, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Turkey, Egypt, Ecuador, Mexico, Afghanistan, Costa Rica, and the Hejaz.

The Organs of the League.—The primary organs of the League are:—

1. The Council.
2. The Assembly.
3. The Secretariat.
4. The International Labour Organization.²
5. The Permanent Court of International Justice (at the Hague).

The Council.—The Council was originally composed of four permanent Members (the British Empire, France, Italy, and Japan) and four non-permanent Members to be elected every year by a majority of the Assembly. The first non-permanent Members, appointed by the Peace Conference and named in the Covenant before the first Assembly met, were Belgium, Brazil, Greece, and Spain. With the approval of the majority of the Assembly, the Council may appoint new permanent and non-permanent Members. At the Assembly of September, 1926, Germany was admitted to the League and given a permanent seat on the Council. At the same time the number of non-permanent seats, already increased to six in 1922, was further increased to nine, the period of office to be three years. In order to institute the new system of rotation, three were elected for one year, three for two years, and three for three years, so that at all subsequent Assemblies three members retire instead of nine at once. Any member of the League not represented on the Council shall be invited to send a representative to sit on it at any meetings at which matters especially affecting it are being discussed. A similar invitation may be extended to States not Members of the League. Canada was a Member of the Council of the League from 1927 to 1930.

¹ Also known as Yugoslavia or (incorrectly) Jugoslavia.

² *Re* the International Labour Organization see Section 4 of Chapter XIX of this volume.